

 $A = \pi r$

sin

COS

tan

 $C = 2\pi r$

30° 45°



НАУЧНО-ИССЛЕДОВАТЕЛЬСКИЙ ИНСТИТУТ СИСТЕМНОЙ БИОЛОГИИ И МЕДИЦИНЫ РОСПОТРЕБНАДЗОРА

КЛАССИФИКАЦИЯ SARS-CoV-2

$|tgxdx| = -\ln|\cos x| +$

 $\int \frac{dx}{\sin x} = \ln \left| tg \right|$ $\int \frac{dx}{x^2 + x^2} = \frac{1}{2}$

Андрей Евгеньевич САМОЙЛОВ н.с. лаб. математической биологии и биоинформатики НИИ СБМ Роспотребнадзора



АНАЛИЗ И КЛАССИФИКАЦИЯ ПОСЛЕДОВАТЕЛЬНОСТЕЙ SARS-CoV-2

🔲 Много разных способов анализа

Несколько методов классификации

🔲 Всё доступно в интернете и не требует установки



GISAID – КРУПНЕЙШАЯ БАЗА ГЕНОМОВ SARS-CoV-2



Pandemic coronavirus causing COVID-19

A previously unknown human coronavirus (hCoV-19) was first detected in late 2019 in patients in the City of Wuhan, who suffered from respiratory illnesses including atypical pneumonia, an illness that has become known as coronavirus disease (COVID-19). The coronavirus originated from an animal host and is closely related to the virus responsible for the Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome coronavirus (SARS).

On 10. January 2020, the first virus genomes and associated data were publicly shared via GISAID. The World Health Organization announced on 11. March 2020 the first coronavirus pandemic. As the pandemic progresses, scientists from around the globe are tracking the virus and its genome sequences to ensure optimal virus diagnostic tests, to track and trace the ongoing outbreak and to identify potential intervention options. Several analyses to assist with these efforts are offered here, including sequence alignments, diagnostic primer and probe coordinates, 3D protein models, drug targets, phylogenetic trees and many more.



Search

- Большое количество аналитики
- Более 15 млн геномов со всего мира!
- Большое количество способов анализа



ОФИЦИАЛЬНАЯ ИНФОРМАЦИЯ ОТ ВОЗ

Currently circulating variants of concern (VOCs) as of 15 March 2023

Note: To better reflect the current variant landscape, which is dominated by Omicron descendent lineages, WHO updated its tracking system and working definitions of VOCs and VOIs on 15 March 2023.

15 March 2023 Updated working definitions and primary actions for SARS-CoV-2 variants

Currently circulating variants of interest (VOIs) as of 15 March 2023



Currently circulating VUMs (as of 15 March 2023)

Pango lineage	Nextstrain clade	Genetic features	Earliest documented samples	Date of designation and risk assessments	
BQ.1	22E	BA.5 + S:R346T, S:K444T, S:N460K	07-02-2022	21-Sep-2022	
BA.2.75	22D	BA.2 + S:K147E, S:W152R, S:F157L, S:I210V, S:G257S, S:D339H, S:G446S, S:N460K, S:Q493R reversion	31-12-2021	06-Jul-2022	
CH.1.1	22D	BA.2.75 + S:L452R, S:F486S	27-07-2022	08-Feb-2023	

Греческие буквы

варианты (классификация ВОЗ)

VOC

Variant of Concern (Alpha, Beta, Gamma, Delta, Omicron)

VOI

Variant of Interest

VUM

Variant under Monitoring

https://www.who.int/activities/tracking-SARS-CoV-2-variants



PANGOLIN – БЫСТРЫЙ СПОСОБ КЛАССИФИКАЦИИ

Э Детальная классификация последовательностей

- 🔲 Быстрый
- Пользуются все!

https://cov-lineages.org/resources/pangolin.html https://pangolin.cog-uk.io/





PANGOLIN – НЕИДЕАЛЬНЫЙ СПОСОБ КЛАССИФИКАЦИИ

- Э Непрозрачный алгоритм классификации
- Редкие, но невообразимо тупые ошибки
- 🔲 Не основан на филогенетике
- 🕽 Авторы тоже люди







КАКОЙ РЕЗУЛЬТАТ ВЫДЕТ PANGOLIN

Lineage List

This is a list of active lineages which have been seen in the last year. A complete list of lineages can be found on <u>the PANGO designation</u> <u>GitHub</u> and a JSON file containing the equivalent data from this page for the full set of lineages can be downloaded in JSON format <u>here</u>.

All Fields Search for lineage							
Lineage	Most common countries	Earliest date	# designated	# assigned	Description	WHO Name	
A	United States of America 32.0%, United_Arab_Emirates 11.0%, China 9.0%, Germany 7.0%, Canada 4.0%	2019- 12-30	1697	2682	One of the two original haplotypes of the pandemic (A and B). Many sequences originating from China and many global exports; including to South East Asia Japan South Korea Australia the USA and Europe represented in this lineage		
B	United States of America 38.0%, United Kingdom 16.0%, China 7.0%, Mexico 6.0%, Germany 5.0%	2019- 12-24	4001	9704	One of the two original haplotypes of the pandemic(and first to be discovered)		
<u>B.1</u>	United States of America 46.0%, Turkey 11.0%, United Kingdom 6.0%, Canada 4.0%, France 3.0%	2020- 01-01	46228	117729	A large European lineage the origin of which roughly corresponds to the Northern Italian outbreak early in 2020.		

AY.122 = <mark>B.1.617.2</mark>.122 BA.1 = B.1.1.529.1

BB.1.5 = BJ.1 BM.1.1.1 BJ.1 = BA.2.10.1.1 = B.1.1.529.2.10.1.1 BM.1.1.1 = BA.2.75.3.1.1.1 = B.1.1.529.2.75.3.1.1.1

https://cov-lineages.org/lineage_list.html https://github.com/cov-lineages/pango-designation/blob/master/lineage_notes.txt



ОШИБКИ КЛАССИФИКАТОРА PANGOLIN

Virus detail	
Virus name:	hCoV-19/pangolin/Guangxi/P2V/2017
Accession ID:	EPI_ISL_410542
Туре:	betacoronavirus
Clade:	S
Pango Lineage:	AY.43.6 (Pango v.4.1.2 PLEARN-v1.14)
Virus detail	
Virus name:	hCoV-19/pangolin/Guangxi/P3B.2017
Accession ID:	EPI_ISL_410543
Туре:	betacoronavirus
O I 1	0
Clade:	S



КАК МЕНЯЕТСЯ РЕЗУЛЬТАТ ПРИ ОБНОВЛЕНИИ КЛАССИФИКАТОРА PANGOLIN





24.11.21



NEXTCLADE – ФИЛОГЕНЕТИЧЕСКИЙ АНАЛИЗ И КЛАССИФИКАЦИЯ

Nextclade_{v1140}

Clade assignment, mutation calling, and sequence quality checks

Selected pathogen SARS-CoV-2 Change Reference: Wuhan-Hu-1/2019 (genbank: MN908947) Updated: 2022-03-14 12:00 (UTC) Recent dataset updates Customize dataset files Provide sequence data File Link Text Drag & Drop a file here or $\langle \Sigma \rangle$ FASTA Select a file × Run automatically Load example Run

Большое количество аналитики

🗋 Красивые картинки



OUTBREAK.INFO

Jutbreak.info

a standardized, open-source database of COVID-19 resources and epidemiology data

Variants

Q

Q

enabled by data from GISAID

Explore SARS-CoV-2 lineage, variant, and mutation situation reports

Search PANGO lineage

Try: Omicron » BA.2 » BA.1 » BA.1.1 » Delta »

Select location

Try: USA » U.K. » New York » San Diego »

- Визуализация данных GISAID
- Распространённость вариантов в отдельных странах, статистика по отдельным линиям
- Анализ частоты мутаций в различных линиях
- 🔲 И многое другое